

This mark scheme is a guideline. Examiners may give marks for answers that do not follow this exactly but still address the necessary points

Construction

		Marks
1. A method of heat treating a steel component, comprising:	Heat treatment = heating & cooling to modify chemical or physical properties p. 4, II. 11-13	1
	Steel component e.g. a component made from an alloy of iron with carbon	1
	content of 0.002 – 2.1 % p. 4, II. 4-5; high and low carbon contents included	
	Comprises = open wording so can contain other components	1
heating the steel component in a treatment atmosphere to an elevated temperature for a period of time sufficient to form a modified layer	Elevated temperature and period defined only by effect ("sufficient to"), no limit; a sufficient period of time for modification (carbonitriding) to take place	1
on the surface of the steel component;	"an elevated temperature" – carbonitriding temperature (because of definition of treatment atmosphere later in claim has both gases), e.g. 815-900° C p. 5, l. 37-38 ("elevated temperature" should not be limited to this specific range) elevated is a relative term	1
	Modified layer = physical or chemical properties different compared to properties of inner (i.e. unmodified) part of component p. 4, Il 15-17 Description describes 2-step process but claim not limited to this. p. 5, Il. 19-22	1
wherein the treatment atmosphere comprises:		
a carbon-containing gas suitable for creating a	Carbon-containing not defined, description only mentions carbon-rich.	
carbon-enriched layer on the surface of the steel component; and	Carbon-rich = "The carbon-rich environment can be a gas that dissociates to provide carbon atoms" p. 4, II. 25-26 e.g. Endothermic gas p. 3, II. 31-33	1
	carbon-enriched layer = carburized layer p. 3. II. 26-29; p. 4, II. 4-5	1

a nitrogen-containing gas suitable for creating a nitrogen enriched layer on the surface of the	Nitrogen-containing not defined, description mentions nitrogen-rich p. 5, ll. 14-18,	
steel component.	Nitrogen-rich = "The nitrogen- rich gas is a gas that dissociates to provide	
Steel component.	nitrogen atoms at the surface of the component" p. 5, II. 25-27 (therefore	1
	nitrogen (N ₂) not included)	'
	Ammonia p. 5, l. 27;	
	Ammonia ρ. 5, i. 27,	
	Modified layer: nitrogen-rich case depth p. 6, II. 5-6	1
	Total for claim 1	10
2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the	No specific lower limit but still need to be sufficient for carbonitriding and consist	1
elevated temperature is no more than 900	with claim 1	
Celsius.	Provides upper temperature limit of carbonitriding treatment	1
	900 °C is part of the claimed range	
	Total for claim 2	2
3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein	"is" = closed wording so carbon-containing and nitrogen-containing gases must	1
the carbon-containing gas is endothermic gas,	be as defined; "and" = both carbon-containing and nitrogen-containing" must be	
and the nitrogen-containing gas is ammonia.	as defined	
	Endothermic gas = produced by incomplete combustion of hydrocarbons in air,	1
	such as natural gas (methane) or propane p. 4, II, 28-29	
	Note: the atmosphere may still contain components other than the carbon-containing gas and nitrogen-containing gas	
	Total for claim 3	2
4. A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the	Up to = no specific lower limit but must be present, i.e. >0 and sufficient to	1
treatment atmosphere contains up to 11% by	achieve modification	
volume ammonia, the balance being	p. 5, l. 30-32 up to 11%	
endothermic gas.	p. 6, l. 33-34 10-11%	
	at least 89% endothermic gas, depends on ammonia content	
		1

	"the balance" - no longer open wording, cannot contain components other than the carbon-containing gas and nitrogen-containing gas (all of the remaining gas is endothermic gas)	
	Total for claim 4	2
5. A method as claimed in any preceding claim comprising:		
heating the steel component in the carbon-	1 st period not defined, examples give "about 2 hours" p. 6, l. 30	1
containing gas at a temperature of 900 – 955	+ 50% p. 7, II. 5-7, but not limited to this example, sufficient to produce a	
Celsius for a first period;	carburised layer p. 6, ll. 28-31	
introducing the nitrogen-containing gas; and	Suggests after 1 st period p. 6, II. 33-34	1
	Introduction of nitrogen-containing gas provides the treatment atmosphere of	
	claim 1	
heating the steel component in the treatment	2 nd period not defined, examples give "up to 3 hours" p. 6, l. 34-36	
atmosphere including the nitrogen-containing	+50% p. 7, Il. 5-7, but not limited to this example	
gas at a temperature of about 850 Celsius for a	"about 850" – some leeway	1
second period.	p. 6, II. 35-36 to produce a layer of adsorbed carbon and nitrogen	
	Total for claim 5	3
	Dependencies	1
	Total for Construction	20

Infringement

Standard Gastride process not relevant for infringement: no carbon-containing gas (does not need full analysis of infringement as long as this point is noted) pre-dates patent, in use for over 10 years p.10, l. 10 (may be discussed in advice section to get marks)

1 mark 1 mark

	Doc B Gastride Plus	Marks
1. A method of heat treating a steel component,	Present	1
comprising:	"steel nitriding" p.10 l.2-4	
heating the steel component in a treatment	Present	1
atmosphere to an elevated temperature for a	"gas feed" p. 10, II. 17-20, "duration" p. 10, I. 18	
period of time sufficient to form a modified layer	Enrichment of surface, compound layer, diffusion zone, p. 10, ll. 19-20	
on the surface of the steel component;	Elevated temperature 560°C – 720°C p. p. 10, l. 21	
wherein the treatment atmosphere comprises:		
a carbon-containing gas suitable for creating a	Present	1
carbon-enriched layer on the surface of the steel	Endothermic gas p. 10, l. 4-7, 17-22	
component; and		
a nitrogen-containing gas suitable for creating a	Present	1
nitrogen enriched layer on the surface of the	Ammonia p. 10, l. 4-7, 17-22	
steel component.		
	Infringed	
	Total for claim 1	4
2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the	Sensible answer depending on construction	1
elevated temperature is no more than 900	e.g. Present - Max temp mentioned is 720 °C so less than 900 Celsius p. 10, l.	
Celsius.	21	
	e.g. Not present if construction includes 815 C lower limit	
	Infringed or Not Infringed (depending on construction of "elevated")	
	Total for claim 2	1
3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein	Present	1
the carbon-containing gas is endothermic gas,	Endothermic gas p. 10, II. 25-28	
and the nitrogen-containing gas is ammonia.	Ammonia p. 10, II. 25-28	

	Infringed/not infringed (depending on conclusion for claim 2 dependency)	
	Total for claim 3	1
4. A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the	Not present	1
treatment atmosphere contains up to 11% by	p. 10, Il 25-28, ammonia = 50%	
volume ammonia, the balance being		
endothermic gas.		
	Not infringed	
	Total for claim 4	1
5. A method as claimed in any preceding claim comprising:		
heating the steel component in the carbon-	Not present	
containing gas at a temperature of 900 – 955	No separate endothermic gas, no carburising step/layer	1
Celsius for a first period;	No heating at 900 – 955 Celsius	1
introducing the nitrogen-containing gas into the		
treatment atmosphere; and		
heating the steel component in the treatment	Not present	
atmosphere including the nitrogen-containing	Temperature 560-720, p. 10, II. 20-22	1
gas at a temperature of about 850 Celsius for a second period.	No "second period", not a 2 step process	1
	Not infringed	
	Total for claim 5	4
Canalysians (may be found in advise section	Conducions including consistency and dependencies, and	
Conclusions (may be found in advice section, give marks here)	Conclusions including consistency and dependencies, and discussion of non-infringing use of furnace	2
give marks nere	p. 10, II. 30-32 suggests potential to be configured in infringing way but no	_
	actual evidence that it can or has been	
	Is Actavis needed for non-infringed claims? Explain why	1
	Total for Infringement	16

Novelty

5

Date for assessing novelty: Filing Date

Prior Art: CGK p. 4, l. 11 – p. 5, l. 11; Doc. C

1

	CGK	Mark	Doc C	Marks
1. A method of heat treating a steel component,	Present	1	Present	1
comprising:	p. 4, II. 14-22		p. 12, II. 2-3	
heating the steel component in a treatment	Identify features consistent with	1	Identify features consistent with	1
atmosphere to an elevated temperature for a	construction		construction of "elevated"	
period of time sufficient to form a modified layer	p. 4. II. 14-22		p. 12, II. 8-10	
on the surface of the steel component;			explicit temperature not given but	
			e.g. "Carbonitriding is used primarily	
			to impart a hard, wear-resistant case	
			layer, generally from 0.08 to 0.8 mm	
			deep." p. 12, II. 13-14	
wherein the treatment atmosphere comprises:				
a carbon-containing gas suitable for creating a	Present	1	Present	1
carbon-enriched layer on the surface of the steel	p. 4, II. 23-25		"gas carburizing atmosphere" p 12, l.	
component; and			4	
a nitrogen-containing gas suitable for creating a	Not present (nitrogen in	1	Present	1
nitrogen enriched layer on the surface of the	endothermic gas is not a nitrogen-		Ammonia, p. 12, II. 3-4	
steel component.	containing gas as defined in the			
	claim)			
	Novel		Not Novel	
	Sub-total	4	Sub-total	4
			Total Claim 1	8
2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the	Present: upper limit temp. of claim	1	Not Present (not enough information)	1
elevated temperature is no more than 900	is same as lower limit temp. of		No explicit temperature given. CGK	
Celsius.	range in CGK		suggests 900-950 but p. 12. II. 7-8	
	p. 5, l. 2			

			says lower temperature so may be	
			outside this range	
			Novel	
	Sub-total	1	Sub-Total	1
			Total Claim 2	2
3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein	Not present	1	Not Present	1
the carbon-containing gas is endothermic gas,	Endothermic gas but no ammonia		Ammonia p. 13, l. 3 but does not	
and the nitrogen-containing gas is ammonia.			mention endothermic gas. CGK says	
			number of gases used p. 4, l. 26-27	
			so not implicit	
			Novel	
	Sub-total	1	Sub-total	1
			Total Claim 3	2
4. A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the	Not present	1	Not present no mention of amount of	1
treatment atmosphere contains up to 11% by	No ammonia		ammonia in atmosphere	
volume ammonia, the balance being				
endothermic gas.				
			Novel	
	Sub-total	1	Sub-total	1
			Total Claim 4	2
5. A method as claimed in any preceding claim				
comprising:				
heating the steel component in the carbon-	Present: upper limit temp. of claim	1	Not Present (not enough information)	1
containing gas at a temperature of 900 – 955	is same as lower limit temp. of		No explicit temperature given. CGK	
Celsius for a first period;	range in CGK		suggests 900-950 but p. 12. II. 7-8	
	p. 5, l. 2		says lower temperature so may be	
	Must be consistent with claim 2		outside this range	
	for this reason		Must be consistent with claim 2 for	
			this reason	
introducing the nitrogen-containing gas into the	Not present	1	Present: Ammonia	1
treatment atmosphere; and	No nitrogen-containing gas		p. 12, II. 3-5	

heating the steel component in the treatment	Not present		Not present	
atmosphere including the nitrogen-containing	No mention of temperature rage		Temperature not explicit.	1
gas at a temperature of about 850 Celsius for a	with this level			
second period.			850 is lower than CGK carburizing	1
			temperature so possibly not present	
			Doc C mentions "lower processing	
			temperature" but does not give	
			details	
			No mention of 2 nd period, "add	1
			nitrogen to the carburized surface	'
			case layer as it is being produced"	
			suggests single step	
			Novel	
	Sub-total	2	Sub-total	5
			Total Claim 5	7
			Conclusions	1
			Total for Novelty	24

Inventive Step

	Marks
Date for assessment of IS = Filing Date	1
PSA = engineer skilled in heat treatment processes for use on steel	1
CGK = Carburizing p. 4, l. 11 – p. 5, l. 11, (Doc C is not CGK despite age);	1
Prior art = Doc. C	½ mark if
	doc C
	identified as
	CGK
	3

Claim 1		Marks
Concept	Give basis from patent e.g. Reduce distortion p. 5, II. 14-18	1
State of the art	Doc C	
Difference	As claimed: none. Description suggests 2 stage process but claim not limited to this OR: temp range (Doc C does not explicitly mention 2 stage process)	1
Obviousness	e.g. If novel because of temperature range – this is known in the CGK therefore not inventive	1
	Total for claim 1	3
Claim 2		
Concept	Provide carbonitrided case while maintaining carburization p. 6, Il. 1-3	1
State of the Art	Doc C	
Difference	Specific temperature limit (≤900 Celsius)	
Obviousness	Doc C says "lower processing temperature" p. 12, II. 7-9 in comparison to carburization. Lower range for carburization is 900 C from CGK p. 5, I. 2. Therefore < 900 C is obvious.	2

	Total for claim 2	3
Claim 3		
Concept	Selection of gases to produce hardening by carbonitriding p. 6, Il. 7 – 9	1
State of the art	Doc C	
Difference	Use of endothermic gas	
Obviousness	Obvious selection from CGK p. 4, I. 26-28	1
	Total for claim 3	2
Claim 4		
Concept	To avoid decomposition of too much ammonia in gas and dilution of	1
	carburizing atmosphere p. 5, II. 30-32	
State of the art	Doc C	
Difference	Concentration of ammonia not mentioned	1
Obviousness	Claim is only an upper limit. e.g. Doc C mentions lower temperature and	2
	shorter times. Nothing to suggest 11% limit is unusual but no teaching in	
	Doc C or CGK as to what amount of ammonia is used	
	Not obvious	
	Total for claim 4	4
Claim 5		
Concept	Produce carburized layer with a harder layer of carbon and nitrogen on top for use with low carbon steels p. 6, II. 7-9	1
State of the art	Doc C	
Difference	2 stage process, change of atmosphere, change of temperature	2
Obviousness	CGK does not disclose 2 stage process, or the idea of producing two distinct layers, mentions low carbon steels (p. 12, I.19) but for carburization only	1
	Doc C mentions higher carbon content steel (p. 4, l. 17-19).	

Not obvious	
Total for claim 5	5
Conclusions Marks awarded for consistency of conclusions between claims for inventive step and consistency with conclusions in other parts of paper	2
Total for Inventive Step	22

Sufficiency

Client's letter suggests problems with sufficiency of patent p. 2, II. 15-30 (1)

Limits on temperature range for 2nd stage appear critical to creating the modified layer. Operating outside range leads to unpredictability. Patent suggests higher temperatures can be used (p.5, l. 2). Discussion of point and possible actions to resolve (2)

Need to ensure component temperature in 2nd stage would appear to need reasonable experimentation as the thermal mass will depend on the component being treated. Discussion of point (2) (If addressed in Advice section, award marks here)

Total for Sufficiency 5 Marks

10 Amendment

Any amendment to improve novelty/inventive step position. e.g. Amending claim 1 to a 2 stage process (p. 5, II. 19-23) resolves these issues but makes infringement position worse. Amendment to endothermic gas and ammonia gets novelty and infringement but still no inventive step. Mention possible deficiencies for full marks (If addressed in Advice section, award marks here)

15 Total for Amendment 2 Marks

Advice 11 Marks

(Marks may be given for other advice points that address issues raised in the client's letter or arising from the preceding conclusions)

Respond to question from client to explain outline of options for enforcing patent: IPEC, HC, enforce against Ferrocase for method. How about other parties dealing in treated products? Discuss possibility of interim relief (unlikely, why?) Credit may be given for other matters pertinent to answering the client's questions (3)

Explain patent does not cover any use of endothermic gas and ammonia, not infringed + problems with validity (1)

10 Explain furnace can be used in a non-infringing manner so operator will not inevitably infringe (1)

Possible defence to infringement.

Ferrocase began developing Gastride Plus in "early" 2019.

15 Need to find out if this is before filing date. (1)

Was this public? If so, may be prior art. (1)

Even if not public, may have prior use defence under S. 64 (1)

Outline further information needed:

20 Sufficiency – Does operating outside temperature limits for 2nd stage mean complete failure or just inferior results? (1)

Put Ferrocase on notice in case furnace can be configured to perform the claimed method (1) But do not to threaten (how?) (1)